COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	SCHOOL OF EDUCATION SCIENCES				
ACADEMIC UNIT	DEPARTMENT OF PRIMARY EDUCATION				
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRADUATE				
COURSE CODE	DEY007	007 SEMESTER 2nd (SPRING)			
COURSE TITLE	DEVELOPMENTAL PSYCHOLOGY I				
if credits are awarded for separate components of the course, e.g. lectures, laboratory exercises, etc. If the credits are awarded for the whole of the course, give the weekly teaching hours and the total credits			WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS		CREDITS
Lectures, Practice exercises, Gro	oup work, Discussion 3 5			5	
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of teaching and the teaching					
methods used are described in detail at (d).	d).				
COURSE TYPE general background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development	Specialised general knowledge, Skills development				
PREREQUISITE COURSES:					
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and EXAMINATIONS:	Greek (Instruction, Examination)				
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	The course is offered to exchange programme students (in Greek)				
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	http://ecourse.uoi.gr/enrol/index.php?id=1443				

(2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

Upon successful completion of this course, students are expected to:

- 1. understand the basic principles of human development
- 2. be able to compare and contrast traditional and contemporary theories of human development
- 3. have been acquainted with the methods of research on human development
- 4. understand the main changes occurring in key-domains of development
- 5. know the relation between theories and research of human development and the applications of this knowledge in educational practice

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology

Adapting to new situations

Project planning and management Respect for difference and multiculturalism Respect for the natural environment

Decision-making
Working independently
Team work
Working in an international environment
Working in an interdisciplinary environment
Production of new research ideas

Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues
Criticism and self-criticism
Production of free, creative and inductive thinking

Others...

 Retrieve, analyse and synthesise data and information, with the use of necessary technologies

- Make decisions
- Work autonomously
- Work in teams
- Generate new research ideas
- Design and manage projects
- Be critical and self-critical
- Advance free, creative and causative thinking

(3) SYLLABUS

The course is an introduction to the theories and research in Developmental Psychology. Topics covered include: Key issues in the study of human development. Research methods in developmental research. Theoretical approaches to human development. Language acquisition. Cognitive development, including conceptual development. Moral development and development of social cognition. Intelligence and its measurement.

(4) TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.	Face to face	
USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students	Use of ICT Use of ICT in Course Teaching Use of ICT in Communication with Students	
	 Description Use of ICT (powerpoint, slides, videos) during the classes The professor's material is offered via elearning (moodle) Electronic Communication with the students (via e-mail, use of the Department's website) Students are expected to use new technologies for their assignments 	

TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload
The manner and methods of teaching are described in detail. Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice, fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography, tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art	Lecture attendance	39
	Study and analysis of	65
	bibliography	
workshop, interactive teaching, educational	Practice exercises	18
visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity, etc.	Exam	3
The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as the hours of non-	Course total	125
directed study according to the principles of the		

STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION

Description of the evaluation procedure

ECTS

Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short-answer questions, openended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other

Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students

Student assessment includes:

- Written assignment (optional)
- Written exam with multiple choice questions and short open-ended questions

(5) ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

Course Bibliography (Eudoxus):

Dunn, W. L. & Craig G. J. (2021). *Κατανοώντας την ανάπτυξη του παιδιού.* Αθήνα: Παπαζήσης

Berk, L. E. (2012). Η ανάπτυξη των βρεφών, των παιδιών και των εφήβων. Αθήνα: Ίων.

Additional Bibliography for study:

Βοσνιάδου, Σ. (Επιμ.) (1992). *Κείμενα Εξελικτικής Ψυχολογίας: Σκέψη.* Αθήνα: Εκδόσεις Gutenberg.

Βοσνιάδου, Σ. (Επιμ.) (1997). Κείμενα Εξελικτικής Ψυχολογίας: Γλώσσα. Αθήνα: Εκδόσεις Gutenberg.

Craig, G. J., & Baucum, D. (2007). *Η ανάπτυξη του ανθρώπου* (Τόμοι Α΄ και Β΄). Αθήνα: Παπαζήσης.

Δημητρίου-Χατζηνεοφύτου, Λ. (2012). *Τα 6 Πρώτα Χρόνια της Ζωής*. Αθήνα: Πεδίο. Donaldson, Μ. (1995). *Η σκέψη των παιδιών*. Αθήνα: Gutenberg.

Feldman, R. (2009). Εξελικτική ψυχολογία: Δια βίου ανάπτυξη. Αθήνα: Gutenberg.

Goswami, U. (2008) *Cognitive Development: the learning brain.* Hove: Psychology Press. Goswami, U. (2010). *The Wiley-Blackwell handbook of childhood cognitive development*

(2nd ed.). Malden, MA: Blackwell.

Junn, E. & Boyatzis, C. (2012). *Annual editions: Child growth & development* 12/13 (19th ed.). Boston, McGraw Hill.

Keil, F. (2014). *Developmental psychology: The growth of mind and behavior.* USA: W. W. Norton & Company Inc.

Κουγιουμουτζάκης, Γ. (επιμ.) (1998). *Αναπτυξιακή ψυχολογία - Παρελθόν, παρόν και μέλλον*. Ηράκλειο: Πανεπιστημιακές Εκδόσεις Κρήτης.

Lewis, C. (1998). *Πλευρές της ανθρώπινης ανάπτυξης*. Αθήνα: Ελληνικά Γράμματα.

Loyd, P. (1998). Γνωστική και γλωσσική ανάπτυξη. Αθήνα: Ελληνικά Γράμματα.

Santrock, J. (2011). Child Development (13th ed.). Boston: McGraw Hill.

Salkind, N., J. (2005). Θεωρίες της Ανθρώπινης Ανάπτυξης. Αθήνα: Πατάκης.

Siegler, R. S. (2002). Πώς σκέφτονται τα παιδιά. Αθήνα: Γ. Δαρδανός – Κ. Δαρδανός.

Wadsworth, J. B. (2009). Η θεωρία του Ζαν Πιαζέ για τη γνωστική και τη συναισθηματική

ανάπτυξη: Τα θεμέλια του κονστρουκτιβισμού. Αθήνα: Καστανιώτης.